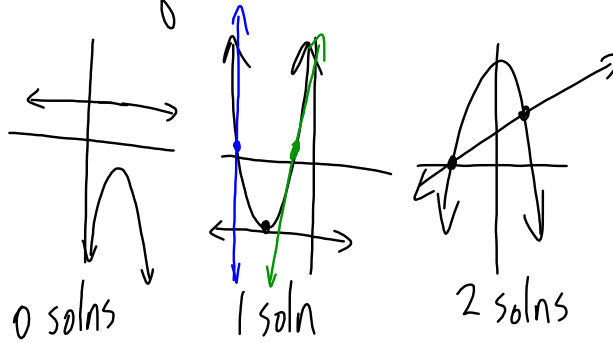


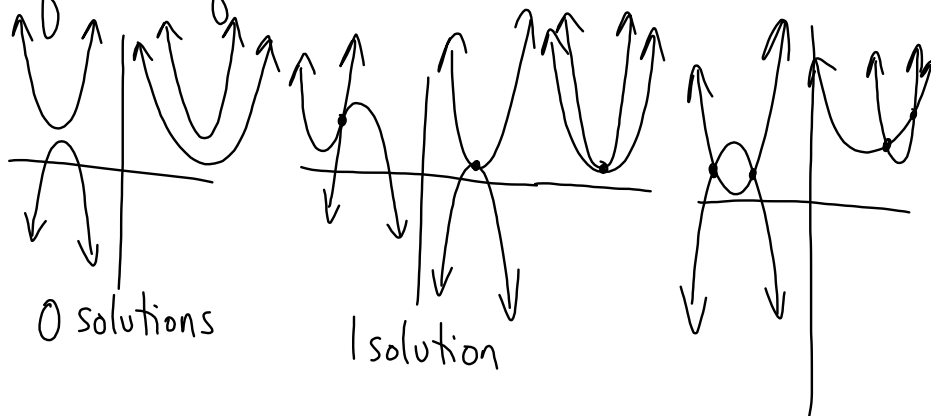
## 8.1 Solving Systems of Equations Graphically

A solution to a system satisfies both equations in the system. Therefore, it is on the graph of both equations, so it is where the graphs intersect.

linear-quadratic:



quad-quad:



ex) Solve ①  $x - y + 1 = 0 \rightarrow y = x + 1$  2 solutions

②  $x^2 - 6x + y + 3 = 0 \rightarrow y = -x^2 + 6x - 3$

graphically.  $(1, 2)$  &  $(4, 5)$

ex) Solve  $\textcircled{1} 2x^2 + 16x + y = -26$   
 $\textcircled{2} x^2 + 8x - y = -19$  graphically.

$$\textcircled{1} y = -2x^2 - 16x - 26$$

$$\textcircled{2} y = x^2 + 8x + 19$$

$$(-3, 4) \text{ \& } (-5, 4)$$

pg. 435 - 437

#2-5 (practice) #6-8 (apply), 9\*, 12\*